

# UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.Com. Honours Part-III Examination, 2022

### B.Com.

#### PAPER-3H7

# FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

Time Allotted: 4 Hours Full Marks: 100

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### **GROUP-A**

## Answer any four questions

 $15 \times 4 = 60$ 

1. (a) Define Financial Management.

2+5+5+3=15

- (b) What are the various objectives of Financial Management?
- (c) Discuss the role of Financial Manager of a firm.
- (d) State the significance of Financial Management in an organization.
- 2. Solemn Ltd. has the following structure:

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	(₹)
14% Preference Shares of ₹10 each	20,00,000
Equity Shares of ₹25 each	50,00,000
General Reserve	25,00,000
Profit and Loss A/c	15,00,000
12% Debentures of ₹1,000 each	90,00,000
	2,00,00,000

Following additional information is given:

<u>Equity Shares</u>: Current market price per share ₹40; expected dividend per share one year from now ₹6 and this amount is expected to grow @ 5% per year thereafter.

<u>Preference Shares</u>: Current market price ₹9.40 per share; the shares have perpetual life.

<u>Debentures</u>: Current market price ₹925 per debentures; the debentures will mature 10 years from now; Interest is payable annually.

Tax Rate: 45%

You are required to compute the weighted average cost of capital for Solemn Ltd. using market values as weights.

3. (a) What is Capital Budgeting? Why is it significant for a firm?

(2+3)+10=15

(b) From the following information calculate the net present value of the two projects and suggest which of the two projects should be accepted assuming a discount rate of 10%:

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	Project-X	Project-Y
Initial Investment	₹20,000	₹30,000
Estimated Life	5 years	5 years
Scrap Value	₹1,000	₹2,000

The profits before depreciation and after taxes (Cash Flows) are as follows:

	Year 1 (₹)	Year 2 (₹)	Year 3 (₹)	Year 4 (₹)	Year 5 (₹)
Project-X	5,000	10,000	10,000	3,000	2,000
Project-Y	20,000	10,000	5,000	3,000	2,000

4. (a) Discuss the factors determining the working capital requirements of a firm.

5+10=15

(b) The cost structure of a product is given below:

	Amount per Unit
	(₹)
Raw Material	80
Direct Labour	30
Overheads	60
Total Cost	170
Profit	30
Selling Price	200

The following particulars are available:

- (i) Raw materials are in stock on an average for one month. Materials are in process on an average for half a month. Finished goods are in stock on an average for one month.
- (ii) Credit allowed by suppliers is one month. Credit allowed to customer is two months. Lag in payment of wages is  $1\frac{1}{2}$  weeks. Lag in payment of overhead expenses is one month.
- (iii) One-fourth of the output is sold against cash. Cash in hand and at bank is expected to be ₹25,000.

You are required to prepare a statement showing the working capital needed to finance a level of activity of 1,04,000 units of production.

You may assume that production is carried on evenly throughout the year, wages and overheads accrue similarly and a time period of 4 weeks is equivalent to a month.

5. (a) What do you mean by Analysis and Interpretation of financial statements?

3+7+5=15

- (b) Discuss its significance to the management and others who are interested in the business.
- (c) Discuss the limitations of Financial Statement Analysis.
- 6. From the following Balance Sheet of Deepika Ltd; compute

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- (a) Current Ratio
- (b) Acid-Test Ratio
- (c) Inventory Turnover Ratio
- (d) Debtors Turnover Ratio
- (e) Average Collection Period
- (f) Creditors Turnover Ratio
- (g) Average Payment Period

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(h) Working Capital Turnover Ratio

	₹
Equity Shares Capital	4,00,000
Reserve Fund	2,80,000
8% Debentures	3,00,000
Mortgage Loan	2,58,000
Sundry Creditors	70,000
Bills Payable	35,000
Bank Overdraft	60,000
Outstanding Expenses	15,000
Tax liabilities	20,000
Total	14,38,000
Goodwill	2,00,000
Goodwill Land & Buildings	2,00,000 4,00,000
Land & Buildings	4,00,000
Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery	4,00,000 3,50,000
Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Patents	4,00,000 3,50,000 50,000
Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Patents Stock	4,00,000 3,50,000 50,000 2,00,000
Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Patents Stock Sundry Debtors	4,00,000 3,50,000 50,000 2,00,000 80,000
Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Patents Stock Sundry Debtors Bills Receivable	4,00,000 3,50,000 50,000 2,00,000 80,000 90,000
Land & Buildings Plant & Machinery Patents Stock Sundry Debtors Bills Receivable Marketable Securities	4,00,000 3,50,000 50,000 2,00,000 80,000 90,000 20,000

Sales- ₹6,00,000 Purchases- ₹4,05,000

## Note:

- (i) Take 365 days in a year
- (ii) Trade debtors include debtors and bills receivables
- (iii) Trade creditors include creditors and bills payables.

# 7. The Balance Sheet of ABC Ltd. for the year ended on 31.03.2020 and 31.03.2021 are as follows:

(in ₹ '000)

	2020 ₹	2021 ₹		2020 ₹	2021 ₹
Equity Shares Capital	400	500	Fixed Assets	605	570
10% Preference Share Capital	200	-	Debtors	120	140
5% Debentures	-	100	Inventory	200	180
Capital Redemption Reserve	-	100	Cash	90	60
Profit & Loss A/c	250	60	Preliminary Expenses	60	40
Creditors	150	140			
Other Liabilities	75	90			
	1,075	9,90		1,075	9,90

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# Additional Information:

- Preference Shares were redeemed at 10% Premium (i)
- Fixed Assets were purchased for ₹1,95,000 (ii)
- (iii) Fixed Assets having book value of ₹1,40,000 were sold for ₹80,000
- (iv) Dividend paid on equity shares was ₹40,000

Prepare a Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on 31.03.2021.

8. Write notes on the following:

financing.

 $5 \times 3 = 15$ 

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- (i) Vertical and Horizontal Analysis of Financial Statements
- (ii) Cost of Retained Earnings
- (iii) Profitability Index method.

#### **GROUP-B**

- 9. Answer any *four* questions :  $5 \times 4 = 20$ (a) Distinguish between Shares and Debentures.
  - 5 (b) Write a note on Return on Investment (ROI).
  - (c) Briefly discuss 'Common-Size Statements'. 5
  - 5 (d) State the significance of Profitability Ratios. (e) Briefly discuss the conservative and aggressive policies of working capital 5
  - (f) You are required to prepare a comparative Balance Sheet for Surya Ltd. from 5 the information provided below:

Particulars	2021(₹)	2020 (₹)
Equity and Liabilities:		
(1) Shareholder's Funds		
(a) Share Capital	40,00,000	35,00,000
(b) Reserves and Surplus	15,00,000	10,00,000
(2) Non-Current Liabilities		
Long-term Borrowings	3,00,000	3,00,000
(3) Current Liabilities		
(a) Short-term Borrowings	4,80,000	4,50,000
(b) Trade Payables	4,50,000	4,00,000
Total	67,30,000	56,50,000
Assets:		
(1) Non-Current Assets		
(a) Fixed Assets (Tangible)	7,00,000	5,00,000
(b) Non-Current Investment	10,00,000	10,00,000
(2) Current Assets		
(a) Inventories	11,00,000	15,00,000
(b) Trade Receivables	39,30,000	26,50,000
Total	67,30,000	56,50,000

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(g)	Distinguish between NPV and IRR methods of evaluating Capital Projects.	5
(h)	Discuss the various factors influencing financial decisions.	5
	GROUP-C	
10.	Answer any <i>ten</i> questions:	$2\times10=20$
(a)	Define Wealth.	2
(b)	State two benefits of having an adequate level of a working capital.	2
(c)	Calculate the amount of Current Assets and Current Liabilities when Current Ratio is 2.4 and Working Capital is ₹1,40,000	2
(d)	Write two applications of Ratio Analysis.	2
(e)	How can firm maximize shareholders' wealth?	2
(f)	What do you mean by Trend Analysis of Financial Statements?	2
(g)	Mention four sources of long-term finance.	2
(h)	What is Operating Profit?	2
(i)	What do you mean by Risk-return trade off?	2
(j)	What is the necessity for calculating liquidity and solvency ratios?	2
(k)	State the uses of preparing Cash Flow Statement.	2
(1)	What are the different types of Financial Statement Analysis?	2
(m)	Define Combined Leverage.	2
(n)	How is earnings per share calculated?	2
(o)	What are the various kinds of working capital?	2
		2

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